

ΚΑ

ΥΠΟΥΡΓΕΙΟ ΕΘΝΙΚΗΣ ΠΑΙΔΕΙΑΣ ΚΑΙ ΘΡΗΣΚΕΥΜΑΤΩΝ
ΚΡΑΤΙΚΟ ΠΙΣΤΟΠΟΙΗΤΙΚΟ ΓΛΩΣΣΟΜΑΘΕΙΑΣ

Ministry of National Education and Religious Affairs
English Language Certification

LEVEL A1 & A2

on the scale set by the Council of Europe

MODULE 1

READING COMPREHENSION

**SAMPLE
TEST**

ATTENTION


- Do not open this booklet until the exam begins.
- Mark your answers on Answer Sheet 1 [ΑΠΑΝΤΗΤΙΚΟ ΕΝΤΥΠΟ 1].
- Provide one answer for each item.
- Time: **65 minutes**.

ACTIVITY 1


Read the bubbles in the comic strip and match gaps 1-5 with OPTIONS A-F below, as in the example. There is one option you do not need.

Διάβασε τα λόγια των ηρώων στο παρακάτω κόμικ και συμπλήρωσε τα κενά 1-5 με μια από τις λέξεις που σου δίνονται (OPTIONS A-F) κάτω από το κόμικ, όπως στο παράδειγμα. Υπάρχει μια λέξη που δεν τη χρειάζεσαι.


EX
(Example)




1.




2.



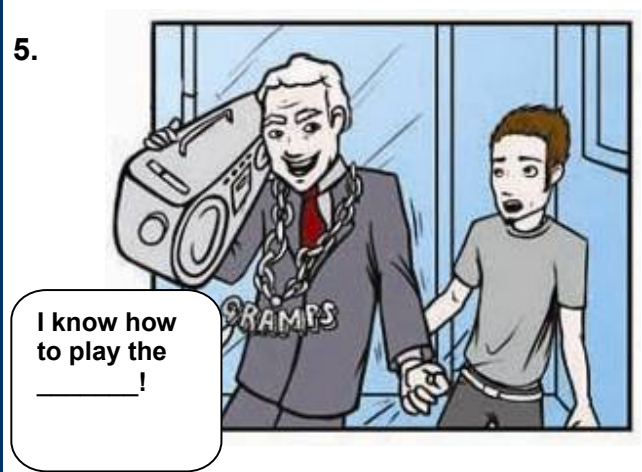
3.




4.



5.



OPTIONS		EX.	instrument 	
A.	guitar	B.	saxophone	C. fun
D.	idea	E.	drums	F. radio

ACTIVITY 2

Some people like to send cards on special occasions. Which card is for which occasion? Match cards A-G with each of the occasions below (6-10), as in the example. There is one card you do not need.

Μερικοί άνθρωποι συνηθίζουν να στέλνουν κάρτες για ξεχωριστές περιστάσεις. Ποια κάρτα ταιριάζει με ποια περίσταση; Αντιστοιχίστε τις περιστάσεις 6-10 με τις κάρτες Α-Γ, όπως στο παράδειγμα. Υπάρχει μια κάρτα που δεν τη χρειάζεσαι.

EX.	Όταν κάποιος φίλος έχει τα γενέθλιά του.	A
6.	Όταν κάποια γνωστή μας πετύχει κάτι σημαντικό.	
7.	Όταν κοντεύει η Πρωτοχρονιά.	
8.	Όταν γεννιέται ένα μωρό.	
9.	Όταν κοντεύει το Πάσχα.	
10.	Όταν κάποια γνωστή μας είναι άρρωστη.	

A.



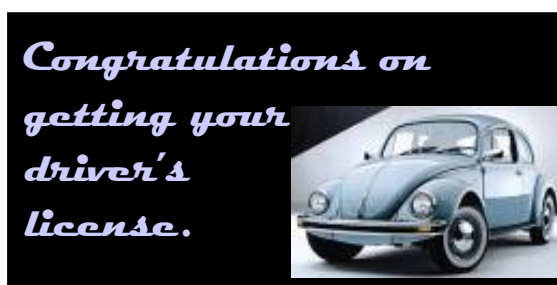
B.



C.



D.



E.



F.



G.



ACTIVITY 3

Step 1: Read the text below and choose the best answer (A, B, or C) for items 11-13, as in the example.

Διάβασε το παρακάτω κείμενο και διάλεξε την καλύτερη απάντηση (A, B ή C) για τις ερωτήσεις 11-13, όπως στο παράδειγμα.

EX. Το παρακάτω κείμενο απευθύνεται σε

- A. παιδιά. B. ενήλικες. C. παιδιά και ενήλικες. ✓

11. Το κείμενο είναι από

- A. μια διαφήμιση. B. ένα ιατρικό φυλλάδιο. C. ένα άρθρο περιοδικού.

12. Μιλάει για

- A. άτομα με ωραίο χαμόγελο. B. την υγιεινή των δοντιών. C. μια επίσκεψη στον οδοντίατρο.

13. Μας λέει πως πρέπει να

- A. μη φοβόμαστε τον οδοντίατρο. B. πλένουμε σωστά τα δόντια μας. C. φροντίζουμε τα δόντια μας προληπτικά.

GOOD TEETH FOR EVER



Your teeth are very important for your health.

Do you know what to do to keep your teeth and gums healthy?

D. Eat healthy. Don't eat junk food!

E. Brush your teeth at least 2 times a day.

F. Always use a good toothbrush.

G. Visit your dentist often.

A. You need good teeth to eat your food, and get all the necessary vitamins!

B. You need good teeth to speak well!

C. You need good teeth to look healthy and attractive!

GOOD TEETH GIVE YOU CONFIDENCE!

GOOD TEETH SAVE MONEY!



FREE Oral Health Brochure Samples



The Australian Dentists' Association

Step 2: Which parts of the text say approximately the same thing as the statements below? Match parts (A-G) with statements 14-16. C is used in the example, and there are three you do not need.

Ποια σημεία του κειμένου έχουν παρόμοια έννοια με ποια από τις πιο κάτω προτάσεις; Αντιστοίχισε τα σημεία A-G με τις προτάσεις 14-16. Το C χρησιμοποιείται στο παράδειγμα και τρία σημεία δεν αντιστοιχούν σε καμία πρόταση.

EX.	Τα υγιή δόντια μας ομορφαίνουν.	C
14.	Για να έχουμε υγιή δόντια, πρέπει να τρώμε υγιεινά.	
15.	Αν δεν έχουμε καλή στοματική υγιεινή, δεν μπορούμε να φάμε όλα τα απαραίτητα φαγητά.	
16.	Για να έχουμε υγιή δόντια, πρέπει να τα πλένουμε συχνά.	

ACTIVITY 4

Read Jane's letter to her Grandma and for each gap (17-20) choose the best word (A-F), as in the example. There are two words you do not need.

Διάβασε το γράμμα της Jane στη γιαγιά της και για κάθε κενό (17-20) διάλεξε τη καλύτερη λέξη (A-F), όπως στο παράδειγμα. Υπάρχουν δύο λέξεις που δεν τις χρειάζεσαι.

EX.	am	A.	are	B.	at	C.	see	D.	is	E.	on	F.	in
-----	----	----	-----	----	----	----	-----	----	----	----	----	----	----

12 Ryman Street,
London, AL7C2

Dear Gran,

How are you? I am fine. Thank you for the present you sent me (17) _____ my birthday. Pink (18) _____ my favourite colour and these pink trainers (19) _____ wonderful. I can even run faster in them!

I hope we can come and (20) _____ you soon. Then you can see me in my new trainers.

Love,
Jane

ACTIVITY 5

Solve the puzzle. Read boxes 21-25 and write what school subjects they refer to in the corresponding gaps, as in the example.

Λύσε το σταυρόλεξο. Διάβασε τα κουτάκια 21-25 και γράψε σε ποια μαθήματα αναφέρεται το καθένα, όπως στο παράδειγμα.

School subjects



EX.	Use your watercolours to paint the...	A	R	T
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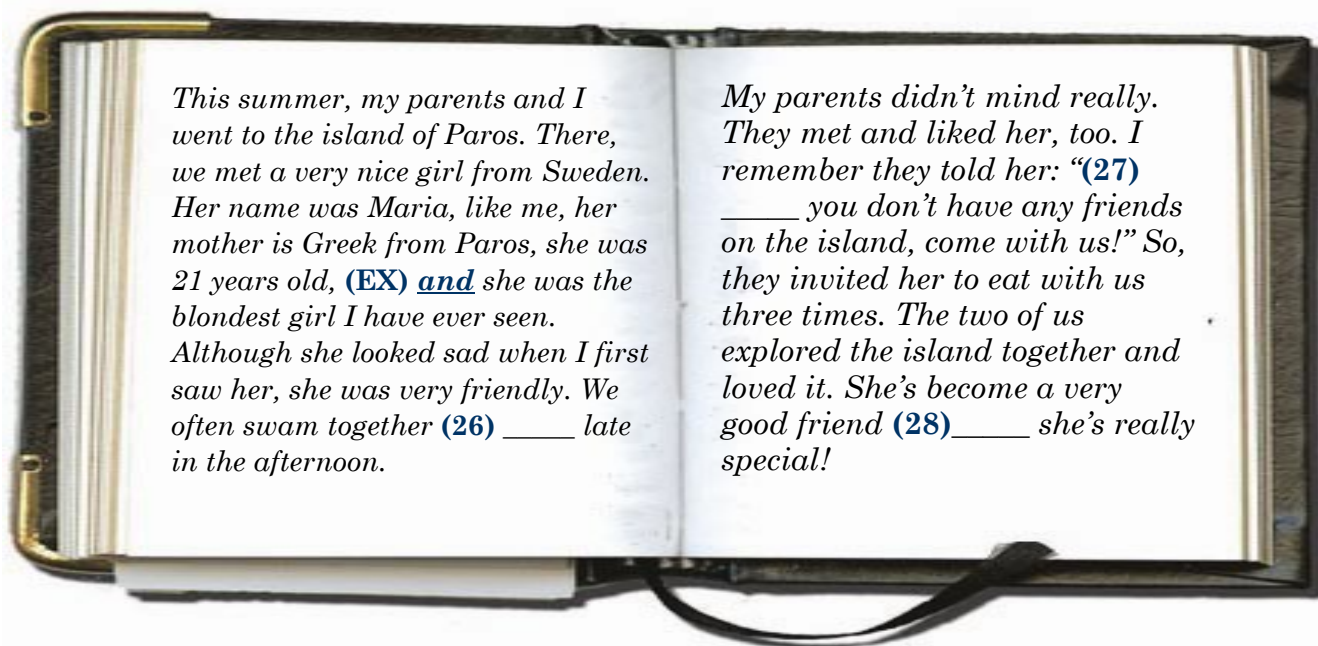
21.	"A" is for "apple", "B" is for "ball", "C" is for "cat", ...								
22.	All together now! Do, Re, Mi.								
23.	Today's lesson is about Alexander the Great.								
24.	Do the sums: $98+2=$ __ , $53+10=$ __.								
25.	Today we will talk about the USA and its mountains and rivers.								

ACTIVITY 6

Read this text and for each gap (26-28) choose the best word (A-E), as in the example. There are two options you do not need.

Διάβασε το κείμενο και για κάθε κενό (26-28) διάλεξε την καλύτερη λέξη (A-E), όπως στο παράδειγμα. Υπάρχουν δυο λέξεις που δεν τις χρειάζεσαι.

EX.	and	A.	because	B.	but	C.	if	D.	neither	E.	until
-----	-----	----	---------	----	-----	----	----	----	---------	----	-------



ACTIVITY 7

Match the statements 29-32 (COLUMN A) with the appropriate answers A-F (COLUMN B), as in the example. There is one answer you do not need.

Ταίριαξε τις προτάσεις 29-32 (COLUMN A) με τις απαντήσεις A-E (COLUMN B), όπως στο παράδειγμα. Υπάρχει μια επιλογή που δεν τη χρειάζεσαι.

COLUMN A		COLUMN B	
EX.	My car broke down this morning!	A.	Well, if you have the money, buy it!
29.	I really like this raincoat!	B.	I'm also keen on this kind of food!
30.	This Maths problem is wrong!	C.	Yes, someone broke a window.
31.	Sue said she'd like to get to know you!	D.	Oh, really? She seems like a nice girl!
32.	The teacher was quite angry yesterday!	E.	Why don't you try to solve it again?
		F.	Never mind, I'll come and pick you up!

ACTIVITY 8

Which of the signs below would you find where? Match the places 33-36 with the signs (A-H). One sign is used in the example, and there are three you do not need.

Πού θα έβρισκες τα πιο κάτω σήματα και πινακίδες; Αντιστοίχισε τα σήματα-πινακίδες (A-G) με το σωστό μέρος (33-36). Μια πινακίδα χρησιμοποιείται στο παράδειγμα και τρεις δεν τις χρειάζεσαι.

EX.	You often see signs like these on shop windows.	F
33.	We can see signs like these in a public park.	
34.	You can find a symbol like this on a sign outside a hospital.	
35.	We can find signs like these outside buildings which are unsafe.	
36.	You can find a sign like this in places where motorcycles are not allowed.	

<p>A.</p> 	<p>B.</p> 	<p>C.</p>  <p>Pharmacy</p>	<p>D.</p> 
<p>E.</p> 	<p>F.</p> 	<p>G.</p> <p>Prohibited!</p> 	<p>H.</p>  <p>Arrival and departure information</p>

ACTIVITY 9

Read the text below and fill in gaps 37-40 with a word that suits the one that follows the number, as in the example. Choose the best option (A-F). There is one you do not need.

Διάβασε το κείμενο παρακάτω και συμπλήρωσε τα κενά (37-40) με τον σωστό τύπο των επιλογών (A-F) που σου δίνονται, όπως στο παράδειγμα. Υπάρχει μια επιλογή που δεν τη χρειάζεσαι.

A. American ☒ B. difficult C. open D. popular E. British F. great

POTATO CHIPS**Did you know...**

How many of you have heard about the origin of potato chips? Well, they were invented by George Crum, in 1853. Crum was an **-EX- American** chef, who worked at a New York restaurant. Fried potatoes (*chips*, as **-37-** people call them), were very **-38-** at this restaurant. But one day a customer complained that they were too thick. So, Crum made the chips thinner than before and served them to him. But, the man was still not satisfied. Finally, Crum decided to do something to annoy this **-39-** customer. The next time he ordered chips, Crum made them so thin that it was impossible to eat them with a fork. To Crum's **-40-** surprise, the customer was happy and potato chips were invented.

**ACTIVITY 10**

Step 1: Read the letter Anna sent to a teenage magazine and choose the best answer (A, B, or C) for items 41-45, as in the example. (Look at the next page.)

Διάβασε παρακάτω το γράμμα που έστειλε η Άννα σ' ένα νεανικό περιοδικό και διάλεξε την καλύτερη απάντηση για τα ερωτήματα 41-45, όπως στο παράδειγμα. (Κοίτα στην επόμενη σελίδα.)

Dear magazine,

I read your article about the traffic problems in big cities and I'd like to make my own comment. I am 16 and I go to Saint John's secondary school. It is not very far from my house. Actually, I meet two friends on the way to school every morning and we walk together. It takes us 20 minutes to walk there. We tell each other our news and joke a lot. It's a great way to start the day. We get exercise and laugh a lot. The same thing when we walk back home. We call it our walking-and-laughing therapy...

Some of my classmates come on their bicycles, and that's fine. But, unfortunately, most kids don't walk or ride a bike. Some of the older kids have motorcycles or cars and they bring them to school to show off. What about the younger kids? Well, their parents drive them to school and then come and pick them up. Even if they live near by. I guess they're afraid that something will happen to them.


So, the school area, which is a very quiet and calm place very early in the morning and at night, becomes a noisy and chaotic place during the daytime. And the situation is getting worse because our school is beginning to have a parking problem!

Wouldn't it be better if we all walked to school in groups? My friends and I recommend it! Walking is the best exercise and great for the environment!



Yours
Anna Benning

EX. Anna is a

A. student. 

B. mother

C. teacher

41. Anna Benning lives

A. near her friend's house.

B. close to her school.

C. near St John's church.

42. Anna's letter is about

A. traffic problems in a city.

B. students driving around town.

C. the traffic problem at her school.

43. Anna walks to school because

A. it's good exercise and fun.

B. she gets there faster.

C. she doesn't have much money.

44. Anna thinks parents shouldn't

A. use their cars every day.

B. drive their children to school.

C. work too hard.

45. At the end of the letter, Anna


A. suggests a solution.

B. asks for advice.

C. makes an offer.

Step 2: Complete the true statements below (46-50), using the correct form of the word in parenthesis, as in the example.

Συμπλήρωσε τις προτάσεις 46-50 που δηλώνουν γενικές αλήθειες, χρησιμοποιώντας τη σωστή μορφή της λέξης στην παρένθεση, όπως στο παράδειγμα.

TRUE STATEMENTS		
<div>Walking is the <u>best</u> exercise!</div>		
EX.	Walking is the <u>best</u> exercise.	(good) 
46.	Cars are not the _____ means of transportation.	(fast)
47.	Airplanes pollute the air, but they are the _____ means of transportation.	(safe)
48.	The climate is changing and the summers are _____ than ever before.	(hot)
49.	People say that in Crete people are _____ than in other parts of the world, because of their diet.	(healthy)
50.	People who exercise are definitely _____ than people who watch TV all day!	(fit)

ΣΑΣ ΥΠΕΝΘΥΜΙΖΟΥΜΕ ΟΤΙ ΠΡΕΠΕΙ ΝΑ ΜΕΤΑΦΕΡΕΤΕ ΟΛΕΣ ΤΙΣ ΑΠΑΝΤΗΣΕΙΣ ΣΤΟ ΕΝΤΥΠΟ 1
ΤΕΛΟΣ ΜΗΝΥΜΑΤΟΣ